

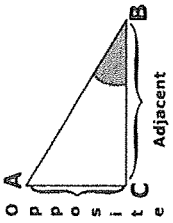
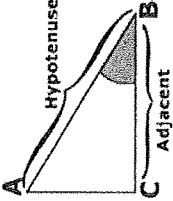
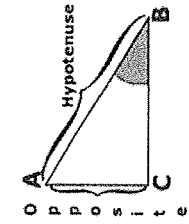
# SOH CAH TOA: Practice Problems

## Part I Model Problems

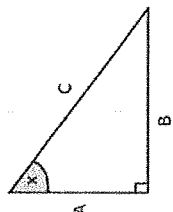
$$\sin(B) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos(B) = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan(B) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$



**Model Problem 1** Identify the side adjacent, opposite to angle  $x$  and the hypotenuse



- Adjacent to  $x$ : **A**
- Opposite  $x$ : **B**
- Hypotenuse: **C**

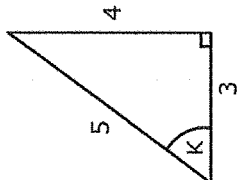
**Model Problem 2** What is  $\sin(k)$ ,  $\cos(k)$  and  $\tan(k)$ ?

Use SOHCAHTOA

$$\sin(k) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{4}{5} = .8$$

$$\cos(k) = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{3}{5} = .6$$

$$\tan(k) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}} = \frac{4}{3} = 1.33$$

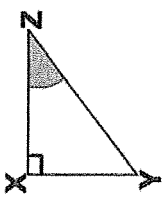


*Examples*

## Part II Identifying Opposite, Adjacent and Hypotenuse

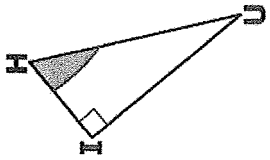
### Identify

- 1) the hypotenuse
- 2) the side opposite of  $\angle Z$ : \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) the side adjacent to  $\angle Z$ : \_\_\_\_\_



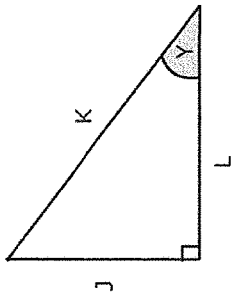
### Identify

- 4) the hypotenuse
- 5) the side opposite of  $\angle H$ : \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) the side adjacent to  $\angle H$ : \_\_\_\_\_



### Identify

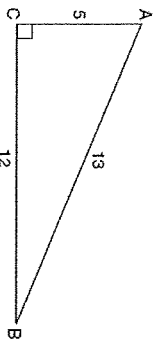
- 7) the hypotenuse
- 8) the side opposite of  $\angle Y$ : \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) the side adjacent to  $\angle Y$ : \_\_\_\_\_



**Part III. Writing Sine, Cosine, Tangent Ratios**

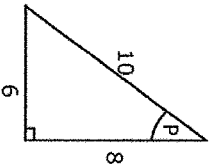
1) Which ratio represents  $\cos A$  in the accompanying diagram of  $\triangle ABC$ ?

- (1)  $\frac{5}{13}$
- (2)  $\frac{12}{13}$
- (3)  $\frac{12}{5}$
- (4)  $\frac{13}{5}$



2) Which ratio represents  $\sin P$  in the accompanying triangle?

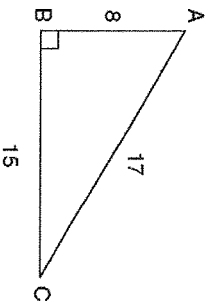
- (1)  $\frac{6}{10}$
- (2)  $\frac{8}{10}$
- (3)  $\frac{6}{8}$
- (4)  $\frac{10}{6}$



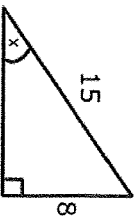
3) In the accompanying diagram of right triangle  $ABC$ ,  $AB = 8$ ,  $BC = 15$ ,  $AC = 17$ , and  $m\angle ABC = 90^\circ$ .

What is  $\tan \angle C$ ?

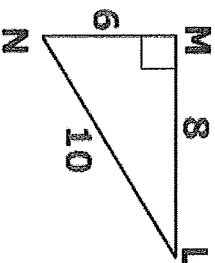
- (1)  $\frac{8}{15}$
- (2)  $\frac{17}{15}$
- (3)  $\frac{8}{17}$
- (4)  $\frac{15}{17}$



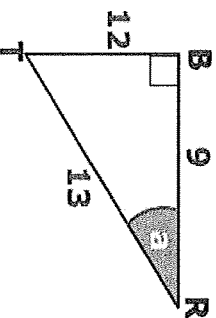
4) What is  $\sin(x)$ ?



5) What is  $\sin(L)$ ,  $\cos(L)$  and  $\tan(L)$ ?



6) What is  $\sin(a)$ ,  $\cos(a)$  and  $\tan(a)$ ?



7) In triangle  $XYZ$ ,  $\angle Y = 90^\circ$ ,  $XY = 7$ ,  $YZ = 24$ , and  $XZ = 25$ , which ratio represents cosine of  $\angle X$ ?

- (1)  $\frac{7}{24}$
- (2)  $\frac{24}{25}$
- (3)  $\frac{7}{25}$
- (4)  $\frac{24}{7}$

8) In triangle  $MCT$ , the measure of  $\angle T = 90^\circ$ ,  $MC = 85$  cm,  $CT = 84$  cm, and  $TM = 13$  cm. Which ratio represents the sine of  $\angle C$ ?

- (1)  $\frac{13}{85}$
- (2)  $\frac{84}{85}$
- (3)  $\frac{13}{84}$
- (4)  $\frac{84}{13}$