

name: Andrew

HW# 2 - Dilations

Multiple Choice:

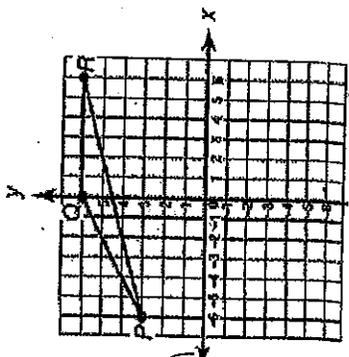
Block: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Which of the following describes the image of a figure after a dilation that has a scale factor between zero and one?
- a) It has a different shape from the original figure and is smaller than the original figure.
  - b) It has the same shape as the original and is smaller than the original figure.
  - c) It has the same shape as the original and is larger than the original figure.
  - d) It has the same shape and same size as the original figure.

2. Which of the following describes the image of a square after a dilation that has a scale factor of 6?
- a) Its sides are 6 units longer than those of the original square.
  - b) Its sides are  $\frac{1}{6}$  as long as those of the original square.
  - c) Its sides are 6 times as long as those of the original square.
  - d) Its sides are 6 units shorter than those of the original square.

3. Which of the following describes the image of a triangle after a dilation that has a scale factor of  $\frac{5}{6}$ ?
- a) Each angle has  $\frac{5}{6}$  of the measure of its corresponding angle in the original triangle.
  - b) Each angle has  $\frac{6}{5}$  of the measure of its corresponding angle in the original triangle.
  - c) Each angle has the same measure as its corresponding angle in the original triangle.
  - d) Each angle is  $\frac{1}{6}$  larger than the measure of its corresponding angle in the original triangle.

4. What are the coordinates of  $\Delta PQR$  after a dilation with a scale factor of  $\frac{2}{3}$ ?
- a)  $P(-2,1), Q(0,2), R(2,2)$
  - b)  $P(-4,2), Q(0,4), R(4,4)$
  - c)  $P(-4,2), Q(4,0), R(4,2)$
  - d)  $P(-12,6), Q(0,12), R(12,12)$

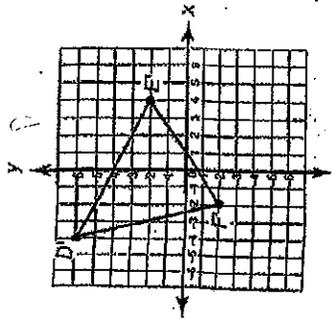


$P: (-4, 2)$   
 $Q: (0, 4)$   
 $R: (4, 4)$

*5 units shorter than original*

2.  $\Delta DEF$  is the image of  $\Delta DEF'$  after a dilation with a scale factor of 2. What are the coordinates of the vertices of  $\Delta DEF$ ?

- a)  $D(-8, -12), E(8, 4), F(-4, -4)$
- b)  $D(-6, 4), E(-2, 0), F(-4, -4)$
- c)  $D(-2, 8), E(6, 4), F(0, 0)$
- d)  $D(-2, 3), E(2, 1), F(-1, -1)$



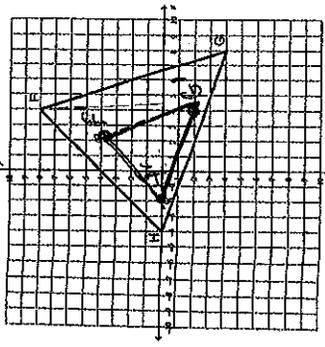
$D: (-2, 3)$   
 $E: (2, 1)$   
 $F: (-1, -1)$

Short Answer:

6. Triangle PQR has coordinates  $P(2, 4), Q(-2, 4), R(0, -6)$ . Write the coordinates of the vertices of the image of a triangle after a dilation of 1.5.
- $P': (3, 6)$   $Q': (-3, 6)$   $R': (0, -9)$

7. How does the size of an image compare to the original figure when the original figure undergoes a dilation with a scale factor of one?
- It doesn't change*

8. On the grid below, draw the image of  $\Delta FGH$  after a dilation with a scale factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .



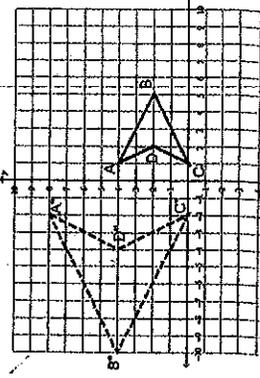
$F(4, 8)$   $G(8, 4)$   $H(-4, 0)$   
 $F': (2, 4)$   $G': (4, 2)$   $H': (-2, 0)$

9. Describe a sequence of transformations to get from polygon ABCD to polygon A'B'C'D'.

Answer:  $(0, 8)$

9. Describe a sequence of transformations to get from polygon ABCD to polygon A''B''C''D''.

$A(1, 4)$   $B(5, 2)$   $C(1, 0)$   $D(2, 2)$



Dilation of 2  
Reflection over y

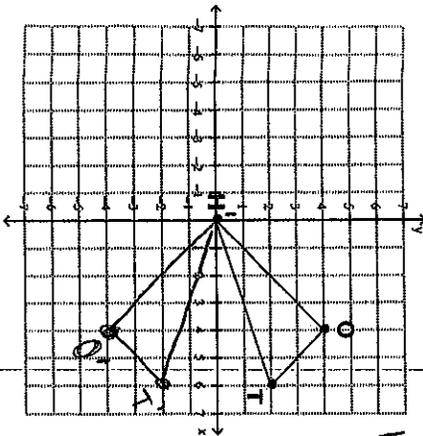
$A''(-2, 8)$   $B''(-10, 4)$   
 $C''(-2, 6)$   $D''(-4, 4)$

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
 HW #3 - Reflections

Block: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Find the reflection of the triangle HOT over the x-axis.

Write the coordinates of  $H'O'T'$ . Is the image similar or congruent? How do you know?



$H' : (0, 0)$   $O' (4, -4)$   $T' (4, -2)$

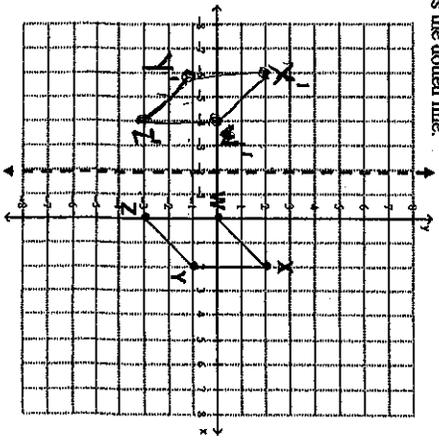
congruent, because H has the same size & shape

2. Find the reflection of the quadrilateral WXYZ across the dotted line.

What is the equation of the dotted line?

$x = -2$

Label the image  $W'X'Y'Z'$ .

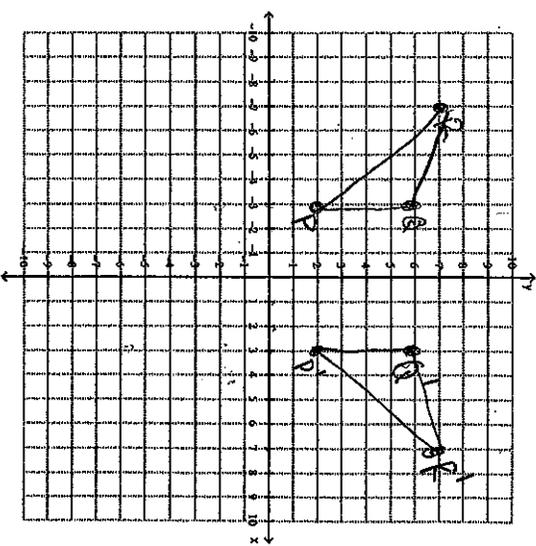


3. The table below shows the coordinates of triangle PQR.

Triangle PQR	Triangle P'Q'R'
P (-3, 2)	P' (3, 2)
Q (-3, 6)	Q' (3, 6)
R (-7, 7)	R' (7, 7)

Part A  
 Fill in the table above for the coordinates of  $P'$ ,  $Q'$ , and  $R'$  after a reflection over the y-axis.

Part B  
 On the grid below, draw triangle PQR and triangle P'Q'R'.



Part C  
 On the lines below, explain how you determined the location of  $R'$ .

Reflection over the y-axis means the x-values change signs