

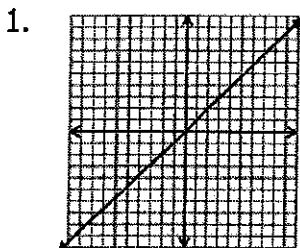
**Parent Function Intro**

Name Key Pd \_\_\_\_\_

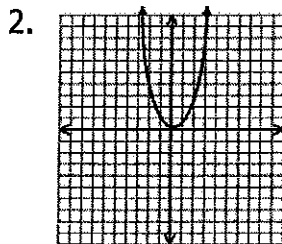
Match the name & equation to the graph.

**Names:** A) absolute value B) cubic C) linear D) quadratic E) radical

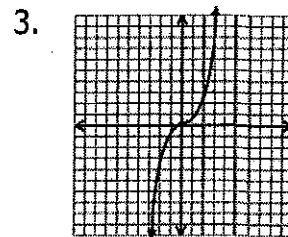
**Equations:** F)  $y = x$  G)  $y = x^2$  H)  $y = x^3$  I)  $y = |x|$  J)  $y = \sqrt{x}$



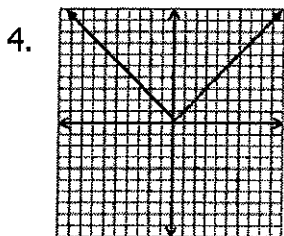
C/F



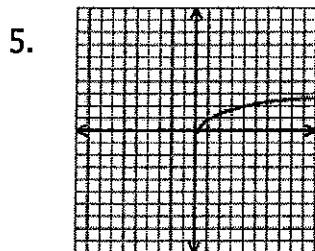
D/G



B/H



A/I



E/J

For #11-13 use  $\rightarrow y = a(x-h)^2 + k \leftarrow$

$\rightarrow$  compress would be  $1/a$

it stretches/makes skinnier

11) describe the effect of **a** on the graph.

moves right "h" units

12) describe the effect of **h** on the graph.

moves up "k" units

13) describe the effect of **k** on the graph.

**Identify the parent function name and describe the transformation for each function.**

6.  $g(x) = 3(x-1)^2 - 6$  Name: Quadratic

Transformation: 1) Stretched by 3 2) Right 1 3) Down 6

7.  $f(x) = 5(x-2)^3 - 11$  Name: Cubic

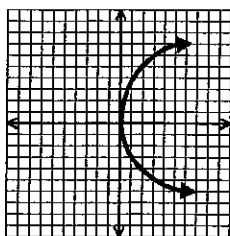
Transformation: 1) Stretch by 5 2) Right 2 3) Down 11

8.  $h(x) = \frac{2}{3}|x+6|$  Name: Absolute value Transformation 1) Compress  $2/3$  2) Left 6

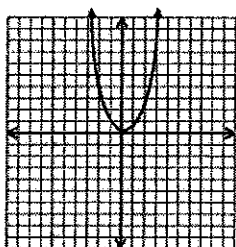
9.  $f(x) = x + 6$  Name: Linear Transformation 1) Up 6

10. What is the effect on the graph of the function  $y = x^2 + 2$  when it is changed to  $y = x^2 - 3$ ? Move 5 down

**Is it a function? 11-14**



NO



Yes

x	y
-13	-1
-5	0
-2	2
0	2
1	5

$\rightarrow$  y can repeat, x can't repeat w/ diff. y  
yes

x	y
-1	-1
0	0
1	1
2	2
4	5
4	7

No

Describe how each function is transformed from its parent function

15)  $g(x) = (x + 2)^2 - 1$

Transformation(s): left 2, down 1

16)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}|x - 1|$

Transformation(s): Compressed  $\frac{1}{2}$ , Right 1

Given the parent function and a description of the transformations, write the equation of the transformed function  $f(x)$ .

17) Absolute value—vertical shift up 5, horizontal shift right 3

$y = |x - 3| + 5$

18) Linear—vertical compression by  $\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{2}{5}x$

19) Square root—vertical shift down 2

$\sqrt{x} - 2$

20) Quadratic—vertical stretch by 5, horizontal shift left 8

$5(x + 8)^2$

21) Cubic—vertical stretch by  $\frac{3}{2}$ , horizontal shift 2 units left, vertical shift up 1

$\frac{3}{2}(x + 2)^3 + 1$

22) Reciprocal—horizontal shift 1 unit right

$\frac{1}{x - 1}$

23) Cube root—vertical compression by  $\frac{2}{3}$ , vertical shift 2 units down

$\frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{x} - 2$

vs.  $\frac{1}{x} - 1$   
would go down 1

Linear 24) Jimmy takes 5 naps per day. Is this statement Linear or Quadratic?

Quadratic 25) Steven shoots a rocket from the ground. Is this statement Linear or Quadratic?

26) Below are tables of points for two functions. Describe the transformation. & name the Parent Function

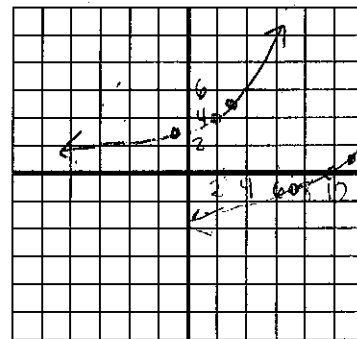
Parent function

x	y
-1	3
3	5
2	4

Translated function

x	y
7	-1
11	1
10	0

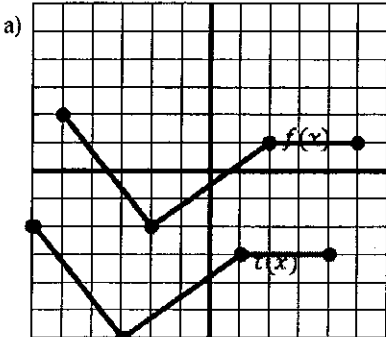
Scale by 2



Parent Function: Radical

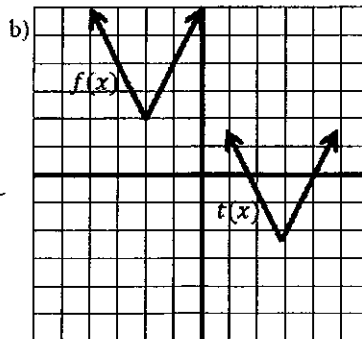
Transformation: down 4, right 8

27) Describe each transformation. Then write an equation for  $t(x)$  in terms of  $f(x)$ .



down 4, left 1

$t(x) = f(x + 1) - 4$



down 4.5, Right 5

$t(x) = f(x - 5) - 4.5$

What is the domain and range of  $f(x)$  for a? D:  $[-5, 5]$  R:  $[-2, 2]$  for b? D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$  R:  $[2, \infty)$

Domain and range of  $t(x)$  for a? D:  $[-6, 4]$  R:  $[-4, -2]$  for b? D:  $(-\infty, \infty)$  R:  $[-2.5, \infty)$

↑ about